National Education Policy 2020 (2024)

Common Minimum Syllabus for Uttarakhand State
University and Colleges
Four Year Undergraduate Program -FYUP/ Honors
Program /Master in Arts

PROPOSED STRUCTURE FOR FYUP/MASTER'S PSYCHOLOGY



DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY

EXPERT COMMITTEE

Sr. No	Name & Designation	on
1.	Prof. D.S. Rawat Vice-Chancellor,	Chairman
	Kumaun University, Nainital	
2.	Prof. P.S. Bisht Ex Dean, Faculty of Arts, (Retired on 28-2-25) Kumaun University Nainital	Convener
3.	Prof. Rajnish Pande Dean, Faculty of Arts, Kumaun University, Nainital	Convener
4.	Prof. Rashmi Pant HOD, Department of Psychology, I.P. Govt. Mahila PG College of Commerce, Haldwani	Co-Convener

SYLLABUS PREPARATION COMMITTEE

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Department	Affiliation
1	Prof. Rashmi Pant	Professor & Head	Department of Psychology	I.P. Govt. Mahila PG College of Commerce, Haldwani
2	Prof. Aneeta Joshi	Professor & Head	Department of Psychology	PNG Govt. P.G. College, Ramnagar
3	Dr. Savita K. Tiwari	Asso. Professor	Department of Psychology	Govt. Degree College, Bhupatwala, Haridwar
4	Dr. Rekha Joshi	Assistant professor	Department of Psychology	Govt P.G College Lohaghat

SYLLABUS REVIEWING EXTERNAL EXPERT COMMITTEE

Sr.	Name	Designation	Department	Affiliation
No.				
1	Prof. Preeti Pant	Professor	Department of Psychology	Gargi College, Delhi University, New Delhi
2	Prof. Vijendra k. Pandey	Professor	Department of Psychology	S.S.B.S. Central University, Karnataka (Kalaburgi)
3	Dr. Kavita Pandey	Asst. Professor	Department of Psychology	Mahila Maha Vidhalaya, B.H.U. Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh
4	Dr. Shail Shankar	Asst. Professor	Department of Humanistic Studies	IIT, B.H.U., Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh

Internal Expert Committee

S. No.	Name	Designation	Department	Affiliation
1				
	Prof. Madhulata	Professor	Department of	S. S. J. University, Almora
	Nayal	& Head	Psychology	
2	Prof. R. K. Mishra	Professor	Department of	M.B.G. P.G. College,
			Psychology	Haldwani
2	Prof. Deepa	Professor	Department of	S. B. S. P. G. College,
	Verma	& Head	Psychology	Rudrapur
3	Prof Ritu Mittal	Professor	Department of	M.B.G. P.G. College,
		& Head	Psychology	Haldwani
4	Prof. Kamla D.	Professor	Department of	Govt. Degree College,
	Bharadwaj	& Head	Psychology	Someshwar
5	Dr Kiran Karnatak	Assistant	Department of	M.B.G. P.G. College,
		professor	Psychology	Haldwani
6	Dr. Poonam Pandey	Assistant	Department of	S. D. M. G. P G. College,
		Professor	Psychology	Doiwala
7	Dr Renu Jalal	Assistant	Department of	M.B.G. P.G. College,
		Professor	Psychology	Haldwani
8	Dr Gurpreet Singh	Assistant	Department of	PNG Govt P.G college
		Professor	Psychology	Ramnagar
9	Dr. Dev Ashish	Assistant	Department of	PNG Govt P.G college
		Professor	Psychology	Ramnagar

Soban Singh Jeena University Almora

Members of Board of Studies for Undergraduate Programme Bachelor of

Arts

Sr.	Name	Designation	Nominated	College \ University	Signature
No			As		
1.	Prof. Madhu	Professor	Convener	Department of	
	Lata Nayal	and Head	and Head	Psychology S.S.J. U.	
				Campus Almora	
2.	Dr. G.S.	Honorary	External	ICSSR NRC New Delhi	
	Saun	Director	Expert		- Gr
3.	Prof. P.D.	Retd. Prof	External	Department of	
	Bhatt		Expert	Psychology, S.S. J.	100.
				Campus, Kumaun	
				University Nainital	
4.	Prof. Shyam	Retd. Prof	External	Department of	del
	Lata Juyal		Expert	Psychology Gurukul	data
				Kangari University	
				Haridwar	
5.	Dr. Kamla	Professor	Member	Department of	Man
	D. Bhardwaj			Psychology H.S.B. Govt.	07/08/2025
				P.G. College Someshwar	
6.	Dr. Preeti	Assistant	Member	Department of	
	Tamta	Professor		Psychology S.S.J.	
				Campus Almora	

NEP COURSE STRUCTURE

	Psychology							
Sem	Core (DSC) 4	D S E 4	Generic Elective (GE) 4	Ability Enhance ment Course (AEC) 2	Skill Enhancem ent Course (SEC) 2	Internship/ Apprentice- ship/Applie d Project/ Community outreach (2)	Value addition Course (VAC) 2	Total Credits
I	DSC Theory (3)- Basic Psychological Processes-I Practical (1)- Lab work/ Psychological Test		Choose One from a pool of courses GE (4) Sports Psychology	Choose one from a pool of AEC courses (2)	Choose one From a pool of Courses (2)		Choose From a Pool of Courses (2)	22 credits
II	DSC Theory (3)- Basic Psychological Processes- II Practical (1)- Lab work/ Psychological Test		Choose one from a pool of Courses GE (4) Psychology for everyday Life	Choose one from pool of AEC courses (2)	Choose one From a pool Courses (2)		Choose From a Pool of Courses (2)	22 credits
	Students on exit sh		awarded Undergouring the requisi				ine)	Total=44

Sem	Core (DSC) 4	DSE 4	Ability Enhancement Course (AEC) 2	Skill Enhance ment Course (SEC) 2	Internship/Ap prentice- ship/Applied Project/Com munity outreach (2)	Value addition course (VAC)	Credits
III	DSC Theory (3)- Social Psychology Practical (1)- Lab work/ Psychological Test	Choose One from a pool courses, DSE (4)- Stress management OR In the alternative choose one from Pool of courses GE (4) Artificial Intelligence (AI) and psychology	Choose one From a pool of AEC course s (2)	Choos one SEC (2)		Choose From a Pool of Courses (2)	22
IV	DSC Theory (3)- Psychopatholog y Practical (1)- Lab Work/Psycholo gical Test	Choose one from pool of courses, DSE (4)- Approaches of counseling OR in the alternative choose one from pool of courses GE-4 Health and Well Being	Choose one From a pool of AEC courses (2)	Choose one SEC (2)		Choose From a Pool of Courses (2)	22

Sem	Core (DSC) 4	DSE 4	Internship/ Apprentice- ship/Project/ Community outreach (6)	Credits
VII/ MA I	DSC Theory (3)- Psychology of Learning and Memory Processes Practical (Lab Work/Practical) (1)	Choose three DSE (3x4) courses OR Choose two DSE- (2x4) and one GE (4) course OR Choose one DSE (4) and two GE (2x4) courses (total = 12) DSE: Research Methodology- I DSE: Fundamental of Statistics DSE: Psychiatric perspective on disaster trauma GE: Contemporary Issues of Social Psychology GE: Educational Psychology	Dissertation (6)	22 credits
VIII/ MA II	DSC Theory (3)- Psychology of Cognitive and Affective Processes Practical (Lab Work/Practical) (1)	Choose three DSE (3x4) courses OR Choose two DSE- (2x4) and one GE (4) course OR Choose one DSE (4) and two GE (2x4) courses (total = 12) DSE: Applied Comprehensive Program in Psychological Research DSE: Applications of Statistics in Psychology DSE: Psychology of crowd GE: Applied Social Psychology GE: Industrial and Organizational Psychology	Dissertation (6)	22 credits
		, <u>C</u> , 62	1	Total 44

DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY

Year	Semester	Course	Paper Title	Theory/	Credits		
				Practical			
Certificate Course in Psychology							
		DSC	Basic Psychological Processes	Theory	03		
			-I				
	I	PRACTICAL	Lab work/ Psychological Test	Practical	01		
First		GE	Sports Psychology	Theory	04		
Year		DSC	Basic Psychological Processes	Theory	03		
	П		– II				
		PRACTICAL	Lab Work/ Psychological Test	Practical	01		
		GE	Psychology for everyday Life	Theory	04		
		<u>Dipl</u>	oma in Psychology				
		Dipl DSC	oma in Psychology Social Psychology	Theory	03		
	III			Theory Practical	03		
Second	III	DSC	Social Psychology				
Second Year	III	DSC PRACTICAL	Social Psychology Lab work/ Psychological Test	Practical	01		
	III	DSC PRACTICAL DSE	Social Psychology Lab work/ Psychological Test Stress management	Practical Theory	01		
	III	DSC PRACTICAL DSE	Social Psychology Lab work/ Psychological Test Stress management Artificial Intelligence	Practical Theory	01		
	III	DSC PRACTICAL DSE GE	Social Psychology Lab work/ Psychological Test Stress management Artificial Intelligence (AI) and psychology	Practical Theory Theory	01 04 04		
		DSC PRACTICAL DSE GE DSC	Social Psychology Lab work/ Psychological Test Stress management Artificial Intelligence (AI) and psychology Psychopathology	Practical Theory Theory Theory	01 04 04 03		

Bachelor of Psychology with Honors

	VII	DSC	Psychology of Learning and Memory Processes	Theory	03
		PRACTICAL	Lab Work/ Practical	Practical	01
		DSE	Research Methodology- I	Theory	04
		DSE	Fundamental of Statistics	Theory	04
		DSE	Psychiatric perspective on disaster trauma	Theory	04
Fourth		GE	Contemporary Issues of Social Psychology	Theory	04
Year		GE	Educational Psychology	Theory	04
			Dissertation	Applied Project	06
	VIII	DSC	Psychology of Cognitive and Affective Processes	Theory	03
		PRACTICAL	Lab Work/ Practical	Practical	01
		DSE	Applied comprehensive program in psychological research	Theory	04
		DSE	Applications of Statistics in Psychology	Theory	04
		DSE	Psychology of crowd	Theory	04
		GE	Applied Social Psychology	Theory	04
		GE	Industrial and organizational psychology	Theory	04
			Dissertation	Applied Project	06

Semester-I

Basic Psychological Processes-I

Programme- Undergraduate Certifica	Year: 1	Semester: 1		
Course Code: PSYDSC-101-T	sic Psychol	ogical Processes-I		
Credits:03	Paper: DSC			
Max Marks	Min Passing Marks			
25+75=100		08+25=	33	

Learning Outcomes: After studying this course, student will be able to-

- Students will understand definition, goals, main approaches, and basic research methods of Psychology.
- Students will learn about the nervous system and biological foundations of behavior. Additionally, they will study sensation, sensory processes, and the structure of the eye and ear.
- Students will grasp key theories of attention and perception, including Gestalt principles and perceptual illusions.

Unit	Topics	No. of Lectures
I	Introduction: Definition, goals and scope of Psychology; Approaches:	15
	Biological, Psychodynamic, Behavioristic and Cognitive; Methods:	
	Observation, Experimental, Interview.	
II	Biological Bases of Behavior: Nervous System: Neuron, Nerve Impulse,	15
	Central Nervous system and Peripheral Nervous system.	
	Sensation-Definition, meaning, characteristics and types of sensation,	
	Sensory Processes (Vision, Hearing, Touch) Major Sensory Modalities-	
	Structure and function of Eye and Ear.	
III	Perception and Attention: Meaning, types and characteristics of attention,	15
	determinants of selective & sustained attention.	
	Perception: Meaning and nature of Perception, Gestalt theory of Perception;	
	concept of Figure and Background, Laws of perceptual organization,	
	Gibson's Direct Perception theory, Depth Perception and Illusion, Mental Set	
	in Perception.	

Suggested Readings:

• Galotti, K.M., (2014) Cognitive Psychology: In and Out of the Laboratory(5e) N. Delhi: Sage Publication.

- Dember, W.M. & Warm, J.S. (1979) Psychology of Perception. Holt Rinehart
- Cofer, C.N. Appley, M.H. (1964). Motivation: Theory and Research. New York: Wiley.
- Gluck, M.A. et al (2013) Learning and Memory, New York: Worth.
- Passer & Smith, (2007). Psychology. Pearson Education.
- Woodworth, R.S.& Schlosberg, H. (1954). Experimental Psychology. NewYork: Holt.
- Margret, W., Matlin, Hugh, J. & Foley (4th Edition). Sensation and Perception.
- Postman, L. & Egen, J. P. (1949). Experimental Psychology: An Introduction. New York: Harper and Brothers.
- Baron, R. A., & Misra, G. (2016). Psychology (Indian adaptation, 5th ed.). Pearson Education.
- Ciccarelli, S. K., & White, J. N. (2021). Psychology (6th ed.). Pearson.
- Feldman, R. S. (2019). Understanding psychology (14th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
- Morgan, C. T., King, R. A., Weisz, J. R., &Schopler, J. (2011). Introduction to psychology (7th ed.). McGraw-Hill Education.
- त्रिपाठी ,एलo बी॰ (1999) आधुनिक प्रायोगिक मनोविज्ञान आगरा : भार्गव बुक हाउस
- सिंह आर एन॰ एवं भरद्वाज एसo एस o (2010) उच्च प्रायोगिक मनोविज्ञान आगरा : अग्रवाल पब्लिकेशन
- सिंह, ए॰ केo (2011) उच्चतर सामान्य मनोविज्ञान दिल्ली : मोतीलाल बनारसी दास

Semester- I

PRACTICAL

Programme- Undergraduate Certific	cate in Psychology	Year: 1	Semester: 1	
Course Code: PSY102-P	Course Code: PSY102-P Course Title:		rk/Practical)	
Credits: 01	Credits: 01		Practical	
Max Marks 25+75=100	Min Passi	Min Passing Marks 10+25=35		

Learning Outcomes:

- Students will learn about the span of attention and the effects of mental fatigue on concentration and performance.
- Students will understand the effect of mental set on perception and how expectations influence sensory interpretation.
- Students will become familiar with the paired comparison method as a tool for evaluating and comparing two items based on specific attributes

ANY OF THREE-

Unit	Topics	No. of Hours
I	Span of Attention/ Mental Fatigue	05
II	Effect of set in perception	05

III	Paired Comparison	05
IV	Two-point threshold by methods of limit	05
V	Simple Reaction Time	05

Semester-I

GENERAL ELECTIVE (GE) -Sports Psychology

Programme- Undergraduate Certificate in Psychology		Year: 1	Semester: 1
Course Code:PSYGE-103-T Course Title: Sp		ports Psyc	hology
Credits:04 Paper:		: GE	
Max Marks 25+75=100	Marks 25+75=100 Min Passing Ma		5=33

Learning Outcomes: After studying this course, student will be able to-

- Learn the fundamentals and scope of sports psychology and the role of psychologists in sports.
- Understand motivation types, arousal theory, and anxiety in sports performance.
- Study team cohesion, leadership, communication, and the influence of the audience.
- Become familiar with mental preparation using the NCFS four Cs: Commitment, Confidence, Concentration, and Control.

Unit	Topics	
		Lectures
I	Understanding Sports Psychology - Definition, nature and brief history of	15
	sports psychology, Need and scope of sports psychology, Role of Psychologist	
	in sports.	
II	Psychological Factors Affecting Sports Performance: Motivation: types of	15
	Motivation; Intrinsic and Extrinsic, Techniques of Motivation enhancement.	
	Role of Motivation in Performance, Arousal theory and Anxiety in Sports.	
III	Sports Team as Effective Group Communication- Individual and Team	15
	Sports: Cohesiveness; Relationship of Team Cohesion to Team Success; Nature	
	of group & Group dynamics and Leadership in Sports; Communication, Impact	
	of audience on Sport Performance; Conflict resolution.	
IV	Mental Preparation for sports Performance: Awareness of the use of the	15
	NCFS four Cs-Commitment, Confidence (Self), Concentration and Control	
	(Emotion). Impact of the audience on Sport Performance.	

- 1. Lavelle, D. (2007). Social psychology in sport. Human Kinetics. USA.
- 2. Lazarus, R., &Folkman, S. (1984). Stress, appraisal, and coping. New York: Springer
- 3. Cox, R. (2006). Sport Psychology. McGraw-Hill Education.
- 4. Crocker, P. R. E. (2015). Sport and Exercise Psychology. Pearson: Toronto.
- 5. Glassman, W. E. (2000). Approaches to Psychology. Buckingham: Open University Press.
- 6. Heil, J. (1993). Psychology of Injury. Human Kinetics, USA.
- 7. Jowett, S., & Lavelle, D. (2007). Social psychology in sport. Human Kinetics. USA.
- 8. Reide, (1996). Sports Injuries Assessment and Rehabilitation, W.B. Saunders Publishers
- 9. Robbins, J. E & Madrigal, L. (2016). Sport, Exercise and Performance Psychology. Springer Publisher Company.
- 10. Singer, R.N., Hausenblas, H.A., & Janelle, C.M. (2001). Handbook of Sports Psychology. (2nd edition). John Wiley & sons, USA.
- 11. Tenenbaum, G., & Eklund, R.C. (2007). Handbook of Sports Psychology. (3rd edition). John Wiley & sons, USA.
- 12. Passer, M.W., Smith, R.E., Holt, N. &Bremner, A. (2008). Psychology: The Science of Mind and Behavior. McGraw-Hill Education.UK
- 13. Weinberg, R. S., & Gould, D. (1995). Foundations of Sport and Exercise Psychology. Champaign, IL: Human Kinetics.
- 14. Kamlesh, M. L. (2006). Psychology in Physical Education and Sports. Metropolitan Book Co.
- 15. Singh, A. (2011). Essentials of Sports Psychology. Friends Publications.
- 16. Sharma, V. M. (2009). Foundation of Sports Psychology. Sports Publication.
- 17. Jain, R. (2014). Sports Psychology: A Practical Approach. Khel Sahitya Kendra

<u>Semester- II</u> DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC COURSE (DSC)- Basic Psychological Processes- II

Programme- Undergraduate Certificate in Psychology		Year: 1	Semester: 2
Course Code: PSYDSC-201-T Course Title: Basic Psy		ychological	Processes- II
Credits:03	Paper: DSC		
Max Marks	Min Passing Marks 08+25=3		rks 08+25=33
25+75=100			

<u>Learning Outcomes</u>: After studying this course, student will be able to understand the definition, meaning, and key concepts of learning, including classical and operant conditioning theories.

- Learn the nature, stages, and types of memory, along with causes and theories of forgetting such as proactive and retroactive interference.
- Study the meaning and theories of intelligence, including Spearman's, Gardner's, Thorndike's, and Thurstone's theories, and become familiar with concepts of IQ and different types of intelligence tests.
- Explore the meaning and types of motivation, as well as the definition, physiological aspects, and major theories of emotion.

Unit	Topics	No. of
		Lectures
	Learning: Definition, meaning and concept of learning, Theories of learning:	15
I	Classical and Operant Conditioning in learning.	
1	Memory and Forgetting: Definition, nature and stages of memory, Types of	
	Memory: Sensory, Short-term & long-term memory; Forgetting: Definition and	
	nature of forgetting, Determinants of forgetting, Interference Theory of	
	Forgetting: Proactive and Retroactive Interference.	
	Motivation and Emotion: Meaning and nature of Motivation, Types of	15
	motivation-Biogenic and Sociogenic motives.	
II	Meaning and definition of Emotion, Physiological changes in Emotion,	
	Theories of Emotion: James-Lange and Cannon- Bard theory.	
	Intelligence: Meaning and definition of intelligence, Theories of Intelligence:	15
	Spearman's theory, Gardner's Multiple Intelligence theory, Thorndike's	
Ш	theory, Thurston's theory, Concept of I.Q.; Conceptual framework of	
	Intelligence test: Verbal, Non-verbal & Performance Test.	

Suggested Readings:

1. Cofer, C.N. Appley, M.H. (1964). Motivation: Theory and Research. NewYork:

- Wiley.
- 2. Gluck, M.A. et al (2013) Learning and Memory, New York: Worth.
- 3. Passer & Smith, (2007). Psychology. Pearson Education.
- **4.** Woodworth, R.S.& Schlosberg, H. (1954). Experimental Psychology. NewYork: Holt.
- 5. Margret, W., Matlin, Hugh, J. & Foley (4th Edition). Sensation and Perception.
- **6.** Postman, L. & Egen, J. P. (1949). Experimental Psychology: An Introduction. New York: Harper and Brothers.
- 7. Galotti, K.M., (2014) Cognitive Psychology: In and Out of the Laboratory(5e). N. Delhi: Sage Publication.
- 8. त्रिपाठी ,एलo बी \circ (1999) आधुनिक प्रायोगिक मनोविज्ञान आगरा : भार्गव बुक हाउस
- 9. सिंह आर o एन \circ एवं भरद्वाज एसo एस o (2010) उच्च प्रायोगिक मनोविज्ञान आगरा : अग्रवाल पब्लिकेशन
- 10. सिंह, ए॰ केo (2011) उच्चतर सामान्य मनोविज्ञान दिल्ली : मोतीलाल बनारसी दास

PRACTICAL

Program- Undergraduate Certificate in Psychology		Year: 1	Semester: 2
Course Code: PSY-202-P	Course	Title: La	b Work
Credits: 01	Paper: Practical		cal
Max Marks 25+75=100	Min Passing Marks 10+25=35)+25=35

Learning Outcomes:

- Understand maze learning as a method of studying behavior.
- Learn about verbal intelligence tests and emotional maturity scales.
- Explore achievement and level of aspiration concepts.
- Familiarize with memory tests.
- Know proactive and retroactive inhibition in forgetting.
- Ensure each practical session promotes skill learning through hands-on activities.

ANY OF THREE-

Unit	Topics	No. of Hours
I	Maze Learning	05
II	Intelligence Test/ Emotional Maturity Scale	05
III	Achievement/ Level of Aspiration	05
IV	Memory Test	05
V	Proactive /Retroactive inhibition	05

GENERAL ELECTIVE (GE) - Psychology of Everyday Life

Program- Undergraduate Certificate in Psychology		Year: 1	Semester: 2
Course Code-PSYGE-203-T PSYCHOLOGY O		F EVERY	DAY LIFE
Credits:04	Paper: GE		
Max Marks 25+75=100	Min Passing Marks 08+25=33		s 08+25=33

Learning Outcomes: After studying this course, student will be able to-

- Understand psychology's role in daily life, parenting, and development.
- Learn psychological effects of technology, social media, and Internet addiction.
- Explore the link between psychology, health, motivation, and job satisfaction.
- Study self-concept, coping, defense mechanisms, and everyday psychological slips.

Topics	No. of
	Lecture
Introduction to Psychology in Everyday Life- Definition, meaning, nature and	15
goals of Psychology. The role of Psychology in day-to-day life. Psychology and	
Parenting: Stages of Psychological development, Parenting Style and its types.	
Psychology and Technology- Role of Psychology in Technology, Psychological	15
Impact of Digital Media on Society. The Psychological Impact of Social Media on	
Daily Life, Internet Addiction Disorder (IAD).	
Psychology and Health- The Role of Psychology in Promoting Physical Health, The	15
Connection between Psychological and Physical Health, Psychological aspects of	
PhysicalHealth; Life with chronic illness, psychological stress among the caregivers;	
Dealing with grief and death. Psychology and Work: Motivation cycle; Extrinsic	
and Intrinsic motivation; Maslow's hierarchy of Needs, Factors influencing Job	
Satisfaction. Role of Positive Psychology in Enhancing well- being.	
Psychology, Personal Growth and Defense Mechanisms- Understanding Self-	15
Concept and Self-Esteem in Everyday Life, Coping Mechanisms: Role of Psychology	
in Handling Conflicts. Parapraxes of Everyday life. Defense Mechanisms- Primary:	
Repression, Rationalization, Reaction formation, and Regression. Secondary:	
Projection and Displacement.	
	Introduction to Psychology in Everyday Life- Definition, meaning, nature and goals of Psychology. The role of Psychology in day-to-day life. Psychology and Parenting: Stages of Psychological development, Parenting Style and its types. Psychology and Technology- Role of Psychology in Technology, Psychological Impact of Digital Media on Society. The Psychological Impact of Social Media on Daily Life, Internet Addiction Disorder (IAD). Psychology and Health- The Role of Psychology in Promoting Physical Health, The Connection between Psychological and Physical Health, Psychological aspects of PhysicalHealth; Life with chronic illness, psychological stress among the caregivers; Dealing with grief and death. Psychology and Work: Motivation cycle; Extrinsic and Intrinsic motivation; Maslow's hierarchy of Needs, Factors influencing Job Satisfaction. Role of Positive Psychology in Enhancing well- being. Psychology, Personal Growth and Defense Mechanisms- Understanding Self-Concept and Self-Esteem in Everyday Life, Coping Mechanisms: Role of Psychology in Handling Conflicts. Parapraxes of Everyday life. Defense Mechanisms- Primary: Repression, Rationalization, Reaction formation, and Regression. Secondary:

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Beloerian, D., & Levey, A. (2012), Applied Psychology: Putting theory in practice. Oxford University Press.
- 2. Singh, A.K. (2002) Cognitive Psychology, New Delhi: Motilal Banarasi das.
- 3. Donaldson, S.I., Csikszentmihalyi, M., & Nakamura, J, (eds. 2020). Positive psychological science: Improving Everyday Life, Well-Being, Work, Educationand Societies Across the Globe. Routiedge.
- 4. Suleman, M. (2009), General Psychology, Motilal Banarasi das
- 5. Mangal, S. K. (2020). Psychology of everyday life. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.
- 6. Parikh, I. J., & Awasthi, D. K. (2008). Applied social psychology in India. New Delhi: Sage Publications India.
- 7. Chauhan, S. S. (2007). Advanced educational psychology. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- 8. Myers, D. G., & DeWall, C. N. (2020& 2025). Psychology (13th ed.). Worth Publishers.
- 9. Sussman, R. W. (1998). The biological basis of human behavior: A critical review (2nd ed.). Pearson Education

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC COURSE (DSC) -Social Psychology

Program- Undergraduate Diploma in Psychology		ogy	Year: 2	Semester: 3
C	Course Code: PSY-DSC301-T	Course Title: S	ocial Psycholog	gy
Credits:03		Paper: DSC		
Max Marks 25+75=100 Min Passing Marks 08+25=33				
	 Outcomes: audying this course, the student will be a Enrich their understanding of Sobehavior. To understand the concept of Per 	cial Psychology and I		
	people view others.How attitudes are formed and ch	ange as well as socia	l Influence Proc	cess.
UNIT	То	pics		No. of Lectures

I	Introduction to Social Psychology: Definition, nature and scope of social	15				
	psychology, Methods of studying social behavior: Observation,					
	Experimental, Field study and Sociometric method.					
	Person Perception: Definition, meaning, nature, and general principle of	15				
II	Person Perception. Impression formation, Primacy & Recency.					
	Social Cognition: Definition, meaning and concept of social cognition:					
	Schemas, Schematic Processing.					
	Attribution of Causality: Harold Kelly and Heider theory.					
	Attitude and Attitude Change: Definition, nature and formation of	15				
III	attitude, measurement of attitude.					
	Interpersonal Attraction: Meaning, nature and determinants.					
	Pro-Social behavior: Motives to help; Bystander Effect,					
	Determinants: Personal & Situational.					
	Social Influence Process: Conformity and Compliance.					
	Prejudice and Discrimination: Meaning, nature and determinants.					

- Boron, R.A. & Byrne, D. (2000) Social Psychology, N. Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- Feldman, R.S., (1985) Social Psychology: Theories, Research and Application, New York: McGraw Hill.
- Myers& David, G., (1994) Exploring Social Psychology New York: McGraw Hill.
- Sears, D.O., Taylor, S.E. & Pepalau, L.A. (1994), Social Psychology New Jersey: Prentice Hall
- Raven, B. H.& Rubin, J.Z. (1983) Social Psychology (second edition) New. York: John Wiley.
- सिंह, ए० के० (2002) समाज मनोविज्ञान की रुपरेखा दिल्ली : मोतीलाल बनारसी दास
- हुसेन, बी॰ एच॰ (1994) नवीन सामाजिक मनोविज्ञान आगरा : विनोद पुस्तक मंदिर

PRACTICAL

Psychology	Year: 2	Semester: 3
Course	Title: Lab W	ork
		Paper: Practical
Tax Marks 25+75=100 Min Passi		0+25=35
		Psychology Year: 2 Course Title: Lab W Min Passing Marks 1

Learning Outcomes:

- Students will be imparted a variety of skills to conduct a psychological test/ experiment in the control condition and using standardized tests.
- The integration with psychological theory and practicality. Out of five any of the three mentioned are mandatory.
- Ensure each practical session promotes skill learning through hands-on activities.

ANY OF THREE-

Unit	Topics	No. of Lectures
I	Sociometry	05
II	Person Perception Scale/ Altruism Scale	05
III	Religiosity	05
IV	Social Conformity	05
V	Attitude scale / Habit Interference	05

Semester-III

Program- Undergraduate Diploma in	Psychology	Year: 2	Semester: 3
Course Code: PSY-DSE-303-T	Course Title:	Stress Manage	ment
Credits:04		Paper: DS	SE
Max Marks 25+75=100	Min Passing Marks 08+25=33		

- Understand the nature, types, signs, and major theories of stress, along with its psychological and physiological effects.
- Learn about various sources of stress and how cultural and environmental factors influence stress perception and response.

	• Explore cognitive, behavioral, and physical stress management techniques, asset tools, and develop personalized coping strategies.	essment
Unit	Topics	No. of Lecture
I	Understanding Stress- Definition and nature of stress: Understanding the	15
	concept of stress, Types of stress: Acute and Chronic stress, Signs and	
	Symptoms; Theories of Stress: Lazarus's Cognitive Appraisal theory and	
	Selye's Stress Model. Identifying Physical, Emotional, and Behavioral	
	indicators of Stress	
П	Sources and Impact of Stress-Sources of Stress: Analyzing Psychological,	15
	Social, Environmental, Academic, Family, and Work-related stressors. Impact	
	on Health: Understanding the physiological and Psychological effects of stress	
	on the body and mind. Cultural and Environmental Factors: Assessing how	
	cultural background and environmental conditions influence stress Perception	
	and Response.	
III	Stress Management Techniques-Cognitive Techniques: Implementing Cognitive	15
	Restructuring and Mindfulness Practices. Behavioral Techniques: Applying Time	
	Management, Assertiveness training, and Relaxation methods. Physical	
	Techniques: Engaging in exercise, Yoga, and other Physical activities to alleviate	
	stress.	
IV	Application and Practice Assessment Tools: Learning to use stress inventories	15
	and questionnaires to evaluate stress levels. Personal Stress Management Plan:	
	Developing individualized strategies for coping with stress. Case Studies:	
	Analyzing real-life scenarios to apply Stress Management techniques.	

- 1. Matteson, M.T., & Ivancevich, J.M. (1987). Controlling work stress: Effective human resources and management strategies. San Francisco: Josey Bass.
- 2. Pestonjee, D.M., (1992). Stress and coping. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 3. Ross, R. R., & Altmair, E.M. (1994). Interventions in occupational stress. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 4. Srivastava, A.K., (1999) Management of occupational stress: Theories and practice. New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House.

- 5. Allen E (2008). Stress Management for Dummies. Dummies Publishers. U.S.A.
- 6. Davis M. et.al. (2008). The Relaxation and Stress Reduction workbook. Harbinger Publications, USA.
- 7. Greenberg J.S. (2008). Comprehensive stress management. McGraw Hill, USA
- 8. Hipp E. (2008). Fighting Invisible Tigers: Stress Management for Teens. Free Spirit Publishing, USA.
- 9. Mac W. (2007). Anger and Stress Management. God's Way. Calvary Press, USA.
- 10. Pahuja M., Pahuja S., Panda S. (2020), "Yoga & Stress Management", Friends Publications. New Delhi

<u>Semester- III</u> GENERAL ELECTIVE (GE) – Artificial intelligence (AI) and psychology

Program- Undergraduate Diploma in Psychology			Semester: 3
Course Code- PSYGE-304-T	Course Title- Artificial intelliger	ice and psy	chology
Credits:04	Pape	r: GE	
Max Marks25+75=100	Min Passing Mark	s 08+25=33	

<u>Learning Outcomes:</u> After studying this course, the student will be able to:

- Understand AI's definition, history, scope, and applications in psychology.
- Learn differences between artificial and human intelligence and AI's impact on cognition and decision-making.
- Explore cognitive psychology's role in AI, including ethics and social intelligence.
- Study AI types and their use in mental health and emerging psychological fields.

Unit	Topics		
		lectures	
I	Foundations of Artificial Intelligence and Psychology Definitions, history,	15	
	Scope, evolution of AI in psychology, Opportunities & challenges in AI,		
	application of AI in Psychology.		
II	Artificial Intelligence and Human Intelligence: Comparison of Artificial	15	
	and Human Intelligence, Cognitive process and AI System, Impact of		
	Artificial Intelligence on Human Cognition, Decision making and Critical		
	thinking, Human AI: Collaboration and Augmentation.		
III	Cognitive Psychology and Artificial Intelligence: Perception, Attention,	15	
	Memory, Cognitive Architectures (SOAR, ACT-R), Social Intelligence and		
	Artificial Intelligence: Human like interaction, Emotion and Trust. Ethical		

	Consideration and Biases in Artificial Intelligence.	
IV	Classification of AI System: Weak AI and Strong AI, Artificial Super	15
	Intelligence, Artificial Intelligence in Mental Health Care (Chatbots,	
	Diagnostic tools, Therapy apps) Synthetic Psychology and other	
	Psychological Domains.	

- 1. Russell, S. J., & Norvig, P. (2021). Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach (4th ed.). Pearson.
- 2. Eysenck, M. W., & Keane, M. T. (2015). Cognitive Psychology: A Student's Handbook (7th ed.). Psychology Press.
- 3. Boden, M. A. (2016). AI: Its Nature and Future. Oxford University Press.
- 4. Goleman, D. (2006). Social Intelligence: The New Science of Human Relationships. Bantam.
- 5. Rajasekaran, S., & Vijayalakshmi Pai, G. A. (2017). Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithms (2nd ed.). PHI Learning.
- 6. Malhotra, R. (2021). Artificial Intelligence: Concepts and Applications. Oxford University Press
- 7. Parameswaran, R., & Blanchard, R. J. (2007). Foundations of Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems. Anuradha Publications.
- 8. Kumar, V. (2020). Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (1st ed.). BPB Publications.

<u>Semester- IV</u> DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC COURSE (DSC) – PSYCHOPATHOLOGY

Programme- Undergraduate Diploma in Psychology		Year: 2	Semester: 4
Course Code: PSYDSC401-T	Cours	 se Title: Psycho	pathology
Credits:03	Paper: DSC		
Max Marks 25+75=100	Min F	Passing Marks 0	8+25=33

Learning Outcomes: After studying this course, the student will be able to-

- Understand the concepts, criteria, and determinants of normal and abnormal behavior, including major models like psychodynamic, behavioristic, and cognitive, and an introduction to DSM-5.
- Learn about anxiety disorders, their nature, symptoms, and types such as GAD, panic disorder, phobias, and OCD.
- Study somatoform and dissociative disorders, including their clinical features and causes.
- Explore schizophrenia, delusional disorders, bipolar disorders, and major depressive disorder, focusing on types, symptoms, and etiology

	Tomics	No. of
Unit	Topics	Lectures
I	Abnormal Behavior - Concept and Criteria of Normal and	15
	Abnormal Behaviour, Determinants of Abnormal Behavior.	
	Models of Abnormal Behaviour: Psychodynamic, Behavioristic,	
	and Cognitive. Introduction of DSM-5.	
II	Anxiety Disorders: Nature and Symptoms of Anxiety Disorders, Types	15
	of Anxiety Disorder- GAD (Generalized Anxiety Disorder), Panic	
	Disorder, Phobias, and Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder (OCD).	
	Somatoform Disorders: Conversion Disorders, Clinical Picture and	
	Etiology.	
	Dissociative Disorders: Nature and Types, Clinical Picture and	
	Etiology.	
III	Schizophrenia and Delusional Disorder: Types, Clinical Picture and	15
	Etiology.	
	Bipolar -I, II, Cyclothymic and Major Depressive Disorder: Clinical	
	Picture and Etiology.	

Suggested Readings:

- 1. सिंह, ए० के० (2002) आधुनिक असामान्य मनोविज्ञान नई दिल्ली : मोतीलाल बनारसीदास
- 2. Carson, R.C., (2007). Abnormal Psychology and Modern Life . Pearson Education, Inc.

- 3. Butcher J.N., Mineka, S., and Hooley, J. M. (2014) Abnormal Psychology (15thEd.) Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. of Pearson Education.
- **4.** Sarason, G.I., & Sarason, B. R. (2009). Abnormal Psychology: The Problem of Maladaptive Behaviour (II Edition). Pearson Education, Inc
- **5.** Barlow, D.H., & Durand, V.M. (1999). Abnormal psychology (2nd ed.). Pacific Grove: Books/Cole.
- **6.** Davison, G.C., Neal, J.M. & Kring, A.M. (2004). Abnormal psychology. (9th ed.). New York: Wiley.
- Nolen- Hoeksema, S., (2004). Abnormal Psychology 3rd Edn. McGraw Hill: New York, USA.
- **8.** Alloy, L.B., Riskind, J.H., & Manos, M.J. (2005). Abnormal Psychology: current perspectives. 9th Edn. Tata McGraw-Hill: New Delhi, India.
- 9. Rychlak, F., (1973). Introduction to personality and psychopathology. New York: Houghton Miffin.

Semester- IV PRACTICAL

	Year: 2	Semester: 4
Course	Title: (Lab V	Work/Practical)
Paper:	Practical	
Min Pa	assing Marks	10+25=35
	Paper:	Year: 2 Course Title: (Lab Verbase) Paper: Practical Min Passing Marks

Learning Outcomes:

- Students will be imparted a variety of skills to conduct a psychological test/ experiment in the control condition and using standardized tests.
- The integration with psychological theory and practicality.
- Out of five any of the three mentioned are mandatory.
- Ensure each practical session promotes skill learning through hands-on activities.

ANY OF THREE-

Unit	Topics	No. of Hours
I	Mental Health	05
II	Stress Scale	05
III	Depression Scale	05
IV	Anxiety Scale	05
V	Security- Insecurity Scale	05

Semester- IV

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE)- Approaches to Counselling Psychology

Program- Undergraduate Diploma in Psychology		Year: 2	Semester: 4
Course Code: PSYDSE-403-T	Course Title: A		
Credits:04	Pap	er: DSE	
Max Marks 25+75=100	Min Pa	nssing Marks 0	8+25=33

Learning Outcomes: After studying this course, the student will be able to-

- Understand counselling basics, types, goals, and its importance in India.
- Learn key counselling skills and the counsellor's role in the process.
- Explore major counselling approaches including psychoanalytic, client-centered, behavioral, and cognitive.
- Study counselling applications in education, mental health, relationships, trauma, and emerging trends

		No. of
Unit	Topics	Lectures
I	Introduction: Definition, nature, goals of counselling. Types of	15
	counselling: Directive, Non- Directive & Elective counselling. Current	
	status of counselling in India. Importance and needs of counselling.	
II	Basic Counselling Skills and Process: Basic Communication skills	15
	(Active listening, Interrogative- Exploration skills, Action skills). Role	
	and Functions of good counsellor, Steps of counselling process.	
III	Approaches of Counselling: Psychoanalytic, Client -Centered,	15
	Behavioral and Cognitive Approach.	
IV	Applications of counselling Psychology- School and Career	15
	counselling, Mental health, Family and Relationship counselling,	
	Trauma counselling, Emerging trends in counselling psychology.	

Suggested Readings

• Corey, G. (2017). Theory and practice of counseling And psychotherapy (10th ed.). New Delhi: Cengage Learning

- Gladding, S. T. (2012). Counseling: A comprehensive profession. (7th ed.) . New Delhi.
- Seligman, L. & Reichenberg, L.W.(2010). Theories of counseling and psychotherapy: Systems, strategies, and skills (3rd ed.). New Delhi: Pearson.
- Seth, S., Bhatia, H. & Chadha, N.K. (2018). Counselling skills: Knowing self and others. Delhi: The Readers Paradise.
- Sharf, R. S. (2012). Theories of psychotherapy & counselling: Concepts and Cases (5th ed.). Boston: Brooks/ Cole Cengage Learning.
- Belkin, G. S. (1998). Introduction to counseling (3rd ed.). Iowa: W. C. Brown.
- son, Robert, L. Mitchell, Marianne, H. (2015). Introduction to counseling and guidance (7thEd.). New York: Pearson.
- Capuzzi, D. &Gross, D. R. (2007). Counseling and psychotherapy: Theories and interventions (4th Ed.) New Delhi: Pearson.
- Nystal, M.S., (2012). Introduction To counseling (2nded.). New Mexico: Allyn and Bacon.
- Seligman. L., Reichenberg. L.W., Theories of counseling and psychotherapy: System strategies and skills (4thed.). Noida: Pearson.
- S.N. & Sahajpal, P. (2013). Counselling and guidance. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill
- Sharma, R.N., Sharma, R.,(2012) Guidance and counseling in India. New Delhi: Nice Printing Press.

Semester- IV

GENERAL ELECTIVE (GE)- HEALTH AND WELL- BEING

Programme- Undergraduate Diploma in	Year: 2	Semester: 4
Psychology		
Course Code: PSYGE-404-T	Course Title:	Health and Well Being
Credits:04		Paper: GE
Max Marks 25+75=100	Min Passing M	1arks 08+25=33

Learning Outcomes: After studying this course, the student will be able to-

- Understand determinants of health and well-being and relationship between health and wellbeing
- Understand the psychological and emotional wellbeing and dimensions of emotional wellbeing
- Understand lifestyle and physical health like nutrition exercise and sleep as well as role of yoga and alternative therapies.
- Understand social and environmental aspect of wellbeing.

		No. of
Unit	Topics	Lectures
I	Introduction to Health and Well-Being-Concept and dimensions of	15
	Health (Physical, Mental, Social, and Emotional), Determinants of	
	health and well-being, Relationship between health and well-being.	
	Models of health and illness: Bio- medical and Bio-Psychosocial.	
II	Psychological and Emotional Well-Being- Concept and dimensions of	15
	Psychological Well-being, PERMA model of Well- being. Role of	
	Positive Psychology in Well-being, Classification of Human Strengths and	
	Virtues. Stress and its impact on Health and Well- being, Coping	
	strategies and Resilience.	
III	Lifestyle and Physical Health-Importance of nutrition, Exercise, and	15
	Sleep, Effects of substance abuse and unhealthy habits, Preventive	
	health care and self-care practices, Role of Yoga in health and Well-	
	being.	
IV	Social and Environmental Aspects of Well-being- Impact of Social	15
	and Environmental stressors on health and Well-being, Work-life	
	balance and occupational Well- being.	

- 1. Taylor, S.E. (2006) health psychology (6th ed.) New York: Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Matte. M.R. and Marti. L.R. (2002). Health psychology, New Delhi Pearson.
- **3.** Sarafino. E.P. (2002) Health psychology Bio psychosocial interactions (4th ed.) NY. Wiley.
- **4.** Synder.C.R. & Lopez.S.J. (2007) Positive Psychology. The scientific and practical explorations of human strengths. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.
- **5.** Murray, M., & Chamberlain, K. (1999). Qualitative health psychology: Theories and methods. Sage Publications.
- **6.** Sarafino, E. P., & Smith, T. W. (2014). Health psychology: Biopsychosocial interactions (8th ed.). Wiley India.
- 7. Singh, R. (2012). Health psychology. Himalaya Publishing House.
- **8.** Park, K. (2021). Park's textbook of preventive and social medicine (26th ed.). Bhanot Publishers
- **9.** Arora, M.K. & Sran, S.K.(2017). Psychology of health and well-being. New Delhi: Book Age Publications.
- **10.** Hariharan, M. (2020). Health psychology: Theory practice and research. New Delhi: SAGE Publications Incorporated.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC COURSE (DSC) – Psychology of Learning and Memory Processes		
Program / Class- B.A. HONOURS	Year-Fourth	Semester- Seventh
Course Code: PSYDSE-701-T	Course Title: Psycholo Memory P	S. S
Credits:03	Paper: DSC	
Max Marks: 25+75=100	Min Passing M	arks: 10+25

Learning Outcomes:

- Explain the principles, processes, and theories of learning, including classical and operant conditioning and their applications.
- Analyse major theories of learning and verbal learning processes.
- Describe models of memory and theories of forgetting and relate them to real-life phenomena such as flashbulb and reconstructive memories.
- Apply theoretical knowledge of learning, memory and forgetting to understand and interpret human behaviour in everyday and applied contexts.

Units	Topics	No. of Lecture
	Learning and Conditioning: Meaning and definition of learning,	
I	Classical Conditioning: Paradigms and Phenomenon, Operant	15
	Conditioning: nature and types of Operant Conditioning, Differences	
	between Classical and Operant Conditionings, Extinction of conditioned	
	responses, Generalization and Discrimination.	
	Theories of Learning and its applications: Thorndike, Tolman, Hull,	
II	Guthrie, Behaviour Modification Techniques.	15
	Verbal Learning: Experimental material, methods and procedure,	
	Determinants of verbal learning. Organizational processes in verbal	
	learning.	
	Memory and Forgetting: Models of memory- Atkinson & Shiffrin's	
III	Buffer model, Level of processing model (Craik and Lockhart), Model	15
	of working memory (Baddeley); Forgetting: basic concept and	
	determinants of forgetting, Theories of forgetting: Decay theory,	
	Interference theory, Stimulus encoding theory. Everyday memory:	
	flashbulb memory and reconstructive memory.	

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Ciccarelli, S. K., & White, J. N. (2020). Psychology (6th ed.). Pearson.
- 2. Galotti, K.M., (2014) Cognitive Psychology: In and Out of the Laboratory(5e). N. Delhi: Sage Publication.

- 3. Dember, W.M. & Warm, J.S. (1979) Psychology of perception. Holt Rinehart.
- 4. Gluck, M.A. et al (2013) Learning and Memory, New York: Worth.
- 5. Woodworth, R.S.& Schlosberg, H. (1954). Experimental Psychology. New York: Holt.
- 6. त्रिपाठी, एल. बी. (1999) आधुनिक प्रायोगिक मनोविज्ञान आगरा : भारतीय बुक हाउस |
- 7. सिंह, आर. ए. एवं भारद्वाज, एस. एस. (2010) उच्च प्रायोगिक मनोविज्ञान आगरा : अग्रवाल पब्लिकेशन।
- 8. सिंह, ए. के. (2022) उच्चतर सामान्य मनोविज्ञान दिल्ली: मोतीलाल बनारसीदास |

Practical		
Program / Class- B.A. Year-Fourth Semest HONOURS Seven		
Course Code: PSYP-702-P Course Title: Lab Work/Practic		Work/Practical
Credits:01	Paper: Core Compulsory	
Max Marks	Min Passing Marks	
25+75=100	10+25	

Learning Outcomes:

- **Conduct** experiments using the Method of Limits and Method of Average Error to measure sensory thresholds and analyze perceptual accuracy.
- **Demonstrate** paired-associate learning and bilateral transfer of training, explaining their underlying psychological principles.
- **Perform** serial learning tasks and evaluate the effects of knowledge of results on learning efficiency and performance improvement.

• **Investigate** retroactive and proactive inhibition, verbal learning, and habit interference, and **interpret** their implications for memory and learning processes.

Units	Topics	No. of Lecture
I	Method of Limit / Method of Average Error	05
II	Paired associate learning/ Bilateral transfer of training	05
III	Serial learning / Effects of knowledge on result	05
IV	Retroactive Inhibition /Proactive Inhibition	05
V	Verbal Learning / Habit Interference	05

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE) – Research methodology-I		
Program / Class- B.A. HONOURS	Year-Fourth	Semester- Seventh
Course Code: PSYDSE-703-T	Course Title: Research Methodology-I Paper: DSE Min Passing Marks	
Credits:04		
Max Marks		
25+75=100	10+2	5

Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the scientific method and key research designs (correlational, experimental, expost facto).
- Formulate research problems and hypotheses, identify variables, and apply control techniques.
- Differentiate probability vs. non-probability sampling, determine sample sizes, and choose suitable research designs for methodological rigor.

Units	Topics	No. of Lecture
I	Introduction to Scientific Research: Definition, meaning, characteristics and	15
	goals of scientific research, Phases or stages in research, Ethical issues in	
	psychological research, Types of psychological research: Correlational,	
	Experimental and Ex-post facto research.	
	Research Problem, Hypothesis & Variables: Nature and characteristics of	15
II	research problem and hypothesis, Sources and formulation of research problem	
	and hypothesis, Types of hypotheses. Variables: meaning, types and	
	techniques of controlling variables.	
III	Introduction to Sampling in Psychology- Importance of sampling in psychological research, Population vs. Sample: definitions and distinctions. Sampling methods-1) Probability Sampling: Simple random, Stratified, Cluster and Systematic Sampling. 2) Non-Probability Sampling: Convenience,	15
	Purposive, Quota and Snowball Sampling, Factors influencing sampling,	
	Sample size, Biases in sampling.	

Ī	IV	Research Design: Nature and purpose of research design, Criteria of research	15
		design, Types of research design, Theoretical aspects: Within Group, Between	
		Group, Factorial Design, Single Subject Design, Quasi-Experimental Design.	

- 1. Kerlinger, F. N. (1973). Foundations of behavioral research (2nd ed.). Surject Publications.
- 2. Broota, K. D. (1989). Experimental design in behavioral research. Wiley Eastern.
- 3. Edwards, A. L. (1968). Experimental design in psychological research (3rd ed.). Holt, Rinehart and Winston.
- 4. Willig, C. (2013). Introducing qualitative research in psychology (3rd ed.). Open University Press.
- 5. Patton, M. Q. (1990). Qualitative evaluation and research methods (2nd ed.). SAGE Publications.

Semester-VII

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE) – FUNDAMENTALS OF STATISTIC			
Program / Class- B.A.	Year-Fourth	Semester-	
HONOURS		Seventh	
Course Code: PSYDSE-704-T	Course Title: FUNDAMENTALS OF STATISTICS Paper: DSE Min Passing Marks		
Credits:04			
Max Marks			
25+75=100	10+2	25	

Learning Outcomes:

- Understand key statistical concepts, measurement types, and descriptive vs. inferential statistics, including computation of central tendency.
- Explain and interpret measures of variability—Range, Quartile Deviation, and Standard Deviation.
- Gain knowledge of correlation methods (Pearson, Spearman, Biserial, Tetrachoric, Phi), skewness, and kurtosis.
- Analyze relationships using partial and multiple correlations, and interpret regression coefficients in psychological research.

Units	Topics	No. of
		Lecture
I	Introduction to Psychological Statistics: Definition and level of	15
	measurement. Descriptive and inferential statistics, Concept of parametric	
	and nonparametric statistics, Uses and limitation of statistics.	
	Measures of Central Tendency: Meaning, assumptions and calculation of	

	Mean, Median and Mode.		
II	Measures of variability; Theoretical aspects and calculation of Range,	15	
	Quartile Deviation (QD) and Standard Deviation (SD).		
III	Correlation: Meaning and types of correlation, Methods of correlation:	20	
	Rank order, Pearson's product moment method, Bi-serial correlation and		
	Point-biserial.		
	Partial and Multiple Correlations: Meaning and application of partial and		
	multiple correlation.		
13.7	Regression and Prediction: Meaning and nature of regression. Regression	10	
IV	equation in score form and regression equation in deviation form.		

- 1. Ferguson, G. A. (1971). Statistical analysis in psychology and education (6th ed.). McGraw-Hill, International Book Company.
- 2. Asthana, H. S., & Bhushan, B. (2007). Statistics for social sciences (with *SPSS applications*). Prentice-Hall of India.
- 3. Verma, M., & Ghufran, M. (2012). Statistics for psychology. Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- 4. Garrett, H. E. (1981). Statistics in psychology and education. Vakils, Feffer and Simons Ltd.
- 5. Singh, R. N., & Bhatiya, T. (2015). Aadhunik Sankhikiya Vidhiyan [Modern Statistical Methods]. Agarwal Publications.
- 6. Broota, K. D. (1989). Experimental design in behavioral research. Wiley Eastern

Semester-VII

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE) – Psychiatric Perspective on Disaster Trauma			
Program / Class- B.A. Year-Fourth Semeste			
HONOURS		Seventh	
Course Code: PSYSDSE-705-T	Course Title: Psychiatric Perspective on		
Disaster Trauma			
Credits:04	Credits:04 Paper: DSE		
Max Marks	Min Passing Marks		
25+75=100 10+25		25	

Learning Outcomes:

• Identify and differentiate between types of disasters—natural (earthquakes, floods, pandemics) and man-made (war, terrorism, industrial accidents)—and their psychological impacts.

- Evaluate psychiatric and clinical perspectives using ICD-11 and DSM-5 criteria, and compare psychiatric first aid with psychological first aid approaches.
- Apply psychological first aid, community-based interventions, trauma-informed care, and culturally sensitive practices to enhance resilience and coping.
- Assess preparedness programs, rehabilitation strategies, and the role of agencies through analysis of Indian disaster case studies and ethical issues.

Units	Topics	No. of
I	Unit I: Introduction to Disaster and Mental Health	Lecture 15
-	Concept and types of Disasters: Natural (earthquakes, floods, pandemics) vs.	
	Man-made (war, terrorism, industrial accidents), Understanding psychological	
	impact: Acute stress, trauma, PTSD, anxiety, grief, dissociation; Vulnerability	
	and risk factors: Socioeconomic status, gender, age and disability.	
II	Unit II: Psychiatric and Clinical Perspectives	15
	Common Psychiatric Sequelae Post-Disaster: PTSD, Depression, Panic	
	Disorders, Substance Use; ICD-11 and DSM-5 criteria for trauma-related	
	disorders.	
	Psychiatric First Aid vs. Psychological First Aid (PFA), Role of psychiatrists in	
	disaster settings, Use of emergency psychiatric interventions.	
III	Unit III: Psychological First Aid and Psychosocial Interventions	15
	Principles and application of psychological first aid (PFA), Community-based	
	mental health interventions, Counselling and group therapy in relief camps,	
	Trauma-informed care and culturally sensitive practices, Resilience building	
	and coping mechanisms.	
IV	Unit IV: Disaster Preparedness, Rehabilitation and Case Studies	15
	Disaster Preparedness Programs: Training for mental health professionals,	
	Long-term rehabilitation and follow-up care; Role of NGOs, Government	
	Bodies (NDMA, NIMHANS), and International Agencies (WHO, UNICEF);	
	Case studies from India: Bhopal Gas Tragedy, Kerala Floods, COVID-19	
	Pandemic, Ethical issues in disaster mental health services.	

- 1. Raphael, B., & Maguire, P. (2009). Psychological aspects of disaster. In Y. Neria, S. Galea, & F. H. Norris (Eds.), Mental health and disasters (pp. 7–22). Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Satendra, & Sharma, V. K. (2004). Disaster management. Indian Institute of Public Administration.
- 3. Niraj, A. (2006). Psychological intervention in disaster management. Authors press.
- 4. Mohanty, A. K., & Misra, G. (2000). Psychological research in Indian context. Concept Publishing Company.
- 5. Bracken, P. J., Giller, J. E., & Summerfield, D. (1995). Psychological responses to war and atrocity. Social Science and Medicine.
- 6. Friedman, M. J., Keane, T. M., &Resick, P. A. (2007). Handbook of PTSD: Science and practice. New York: Guilford.

- 7. Ursano, R. J., Fullerton, C. S., Weisaeth, L., & Raphael, B. (2007). Textbook of disaster psychiatry. New York: Cambridge University Press.
- 8. Young, A. (1995). The harmony of illusions: Inventing post-traumatic stress disorder. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press

GENERAL ELECTIVE (GE) – Contemporary Issues of Social Psychology			
Program / Class- B.A. HONOURS			
Course Code: PSYGE-706-T	Course Title: Contemporary Issues of Social Psychology		
Credits:04	Paper: GE		
Max Marks	Min Passing Marks		
25+75=100	10+25		

Learning Outcomes:

- Explain the definition, scope, research methods (observation, experimental, sociometry), and present trends in social psychology.
- Describe the meaning, nature, and components of social cognition, including schematic processing, cognitive heuristics, biases, and errors.
- Analyze the components and formation of attitudes, theories of attitude change (Cognitive Dissonance, Balance Theory), factors affecting change, and measurement methods.
- Examine principles and theories of interpersonal attraction, and analyze group dynamics, including formation, structure, and influence processes such as conformity, obedience, and compliance.

Units	Topics			
		Lecture		
I	Social Psychology: Definition and focus of social psychology, Research			
	methods in social psychology: Observation, Experimental method and			
	Sociometry; Present trends in social psychology.			
II	Social Cognition: Meaning, nature and basic assumption, components of social	15		
	cognition, Schematic Processing, Mental Shortcuts: Using cognitive heuristic,			
	biases and potential errors.			
III	Attitude and Attitude Change: Definition, meaning, nature and components	15		
	of attitude, Formation of attitude; Theories of attitude change: Cognitive			
	Dissonance, Balance Theory; Factors affecting attitude change, Measurements			
	of Attitude.			
IV	Interpersonal Attraction and Group Dynamics: Meaning and principle of	15		
	interpersonal attraction, Theories of interpersonal attraction: Balance theory and			
	Reinforcement theory; Group Dynamics and Behaviour: Group formation and			

Group structure, Group	Influence (Conformity,	Obedience and	Compliance).

- 1. Baron, R.A. & Byrne, D. (2000) Social Psychology, N. Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- 2. Feldman, R.S., (1985) Social Psychology: Theories, Research and Application, New York: McGraw Hill.
- 3. Myers& David, G., (1994) Exploring Social Psychology New York: McGraw Hill.
- 4. Sears, D.O., Taylor, S.E. & Pepalau, L.A. (1994), Social Psychology New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- 5. Raven, B. H.& Rubin, J.Z. (1983) Social Psychology (second edition) New. York: John Wiley.
- 6. सिंह, ए० के० (2002) समाज मनोविज्ञान की रुपरेखा, दिल्ली : मोतीलाल बनारसी दास |
- 7. हुसेन, बी॰ एच॰ (1994) नवीन सामाजिक मनोविज्ञान, आगरा : विनोद पुस्तक मंदिर |

Semester-VII

General Elective (GE) – Educational Psychology				
Program / Class- B.A.	Year-Fourth	Semester-		
HONOURS		Seventh		
Course Code: PSYGE707-T Course Title: Educational Psycholog				
Credits:04 Paper: GE		GE		
Max Marks Min Passing Marks				
25+75=100 10+25				

Learning Outcomes:

- Understand what educational psychology is, its nature, history, and how research in this field is carried out.
- Learn how children develop cognitively, socially, emotionally, and physically, and how Piaget's and Vygotsky's theories can be used in classrooms.
- Understand what motivation is and explore key theories like Self-determination, Expectancy-value, Social cognitive, and Attribution theory.
- Recognize individual differences and learn about the needs, types, and education of exceptional children.

Units	Topics	No. of	
		Lecture	
I	Introduction to Educational Psychology: Definition, meaning and nature	15	
	of educational psychology as a discipline, Historical perspectives and research		
	methods in educational psychology.		
II	Child Development: Meaning of child development, cognitive, social,		
	emotional and physical development. Theories of child development: Piaget's		
	theory of Cognitive development, Vygotsky's Socio-cultural theory and their		

	application in educational settings.		
III	Motivation and related theories: definition, meaning and nature of		
	motivation. Self-determination theory, Expectancy-value theory, Social		
	cognitive theory and Attribution theory.		
IV	Individual Differences & Exceptional child: Nature, characteristics, causes,		
	educational implication. Exceptional child: Types, Education of the		
	exceptional child.		

- 1. Chauhan, S.S. (2004). Advanced Educational Psychology, Vikas Publishing Pvt. Ltd., Shimla.
- 2. Mangal, S.K. (1999). Advanced Educational Psychology and Research. Prakash Brothers Educational publications, Ludhiana.
- 3. Nagaraju et al. (2019) Learning Assessment. Neelkamal Publications, Hyderabad.
- 4. Dubois, Alverson and Staley. (1998) Educational Psychology and Instructional Decisions. The Dorsey Press, Illinois USA.

Semester-VII

RESEARCH DISSERTATION				
Prog	ram / Class- B.A.	Year-Fourth	Semester-	Seventh
	HONOURS			
	Course Code: PSYP-708D	Course Title: Rese	earch Disserta	ation
	Credits: 6	Core Cor		
	Max Marks 25+75 ng Outcomes:	Min Passing	Marks10+25	
 Identify a relevant and researchable topic in psychology for practical or research-based application. Gain real-world experience through internship in a hospital, organization, or NGO, and reflect on psychological insights through structured reporting. Or, conduct a dissertation involving literature review, data collection, analysis, and interpretation to develop independent research skills. 				
Units	Units Topics			No. of Lecture
	Choose relevant and researchable topic in Psychology for internship.			
I	Dissertation: Practical exposure in an organization, Hospital or an NGO 06			
	with a report on learning's and experiences. A short research			
	dissertation, based on data collection	n literature review and ar	nalysis.	

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC COURSE (DSC) – Psychology of Cognitive and Affective Processes				
Program/Class-B.A.	Year-Fourth	Semester-		
HONORS		Eighth		
Course Code: PSYDSC-801-T	Course Title: Psychology of Cognitive and			
	Affective Processes			
Credits:03	Paper: DSC			
Max Marks	Min Passing Marks			
25+75=100	10+25			

Learning Outcomes:

- Identify the scope and approaches of cognitive psychology, and demonstrate understanding of brain imaging techniques such as MRI, fMRI, and PET scans.
- Describe and give examples of attention and perception phenomena, explain their determinants, apply filter theories, and use Gestalt principles to interpret perceptual processes.
- Explain the motivational cycle, differentiate between biological and social motives, compare major theories of motivation, and classify emotions while relating them to biological and theoretical perspectives.
- Calculate IQ from mental and chronological age, compare major theories of intelligence, and apply concepts of emotional intelligence to personal and social situations.

Units	Topics	
	•	Lecture
I	Cognitive Psychology: Definition, meaning and scope of cognitive	15
	psychology. Approaches of cognitive psychology, Brain Imaging Techniques:	
	MRI, FMRI and PET Scans.	
	Attention & Perception: Meaning and Phenomena (Span of Attention,	
	Division of Attention, Fluctuation and distraction), Determinants of attention:	
	objective and subjective, Filter theories of attention. Perception: Gestalt laws	
	of perceptual organization, Depth perception, Perceptual constancies, Factor	
	influencing perception.	
II	Motivation And Emotion: Basic concept of motivation, motivational cycle,	15
	Biological Motives and Social Motives, Theories of Motivation: Drive	
	Reduction theory, Maslow's need hierarchy theory and McClelland's theory.	
	Emotion: Nature and definition of Emotion, Classification of emotions:	
	primary and secondary, biological basis of emotions, Theories of Emotions:	
	James-Lange, Cannon-Bard, Schachter & Singer, Lazarus and Activation	
	theory.	

III	Intelligence: Definition, meaning and nature of intelligence, Concept of	15
	mental age and IQ, Theories of intelligence: Factor theories (Spearman's two	
	factor theory and Triarchic theory of Intelligence), Gardner's theory of	
	Multiple Intelligence.	
	Emotional Intelligence: Meaning, definition, components and application of	
	emotional intelligence.	

- 1. Galotti, K.M., (2014) Cognitive Psychology: In and Out of the Laboratory(5e). N. Delhi: Sage Publication.
- 2. Dember, W.M. & Warm, J.S. (1979) Psychology of perception. Holt Rinehart
- 3. Cofer, C.N. Appley, M.H. (1964). Motivation: Theory and Research. New York: Wiley.
- 4. Gluck, M.A. et al (2013) Learning and Memory, New York: Worth.
- 5. Passer & Smith, (2007). Psychology. Pearson Education.
- 6. Woodworth, R.S.& Schlosberg, H. (1954). Experimental Psychology. New York: Holt.
- 7. Margret, W., Matlin, Hugh, J. & Foley (4th Edition). Sensation and Perception.

Semester-VIII

Practical			
Program/Class-B.A.	Year-Fourth	Semester-	
HONORS		Eighth	
Course Code: PSYP-802-P	Course Code: PSYP-802-P Course Title: Lab Work/Practica		
Credits:01	Paper: Core Compulsory		
Max Marks	Min Passing Marks		
25+75=100	10+2	25	

- **Learning Outcomes**:
- Assess attention capacity using the Test of Perception/Span of Attention.
- Measure achievement-oriented behavior through the Achievement Motivation Test.
- Evaluate cognitive abilities using an Intelligence Test.
- Assess emotional competencies with an Emotional Intelligence or Stability Test.
- Demonstrate and explain the Zeigarnik Effect in relation to memory.

Units	Topics	No. of Lecture
1	Test of Perception/ Span of attention	05
2	Achievement Motivation test	05
3	Intelligence Test	05
4	Emotional Intelligence/Emotional stability Test	05
5	Zeigarnik Effect	05

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE) – Applied Comprehensive Program in Psychological Research			
Program/Class-B.A.	Year-Fourth	Semester-	
HONORS		Eighth	
Course Code: PSYDSE-803-T	Course Title: Applied Comprehensive		
	Program in Psychological Research		
Credits:04	Paper: DSE		
Max Marks	Min Passing Marks		
25+75=100	10+25		

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Understand research approaches in psychology and key concepts of reliability, validity, and norms.
- 2. Conduct literature reviews and design research using various methodologies.
- 3. Analyze data with SPSS and interpret statistical results.
- 4. Write APA-style research reports and manage references using digital tools.

Units	Topics	No. of
		Lecture
I	Research Foundations in Psychology: Nature and scope of research in	15
	psychology, Approaches of research: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed-	
	method approaches. Basic concepts of Reliability, Validity and Norms:	
	Method of estimating reliability, Types of validity.	
II	Literature Review and Research Design: Conducting and synthesizing	15
	literature reviews, Purpose & Scope of literature review, types (Narrative,	
	Systematic & Meta-analysis). Research Design: Types (Experimental,	
	quasi-experimental, and non-experimental designs, Survey, Action and field	
	research), Writing the research proposal.	
III	Data Analysis Using SPSS: Introduction to SPSS, Data entry, Inferential	15
	statistics (t-tests, ANOVA, Correlation, Regression), Interpreting outputs,	
	Use of computer technology in Quantitative data analysis.	
IV	Steps of Report Writing: Structure of a psychological research report for	15
	Project/Dissertation (Title page, Writing abstracts, introductions, methods,	
	results and discussions, APA References and Appendices) Reference	
	management tools: Zotero and Mendeley.	

Suggested Readings:

- Bayard, P. & Grayson, A. (1976). Introducing psychological research. London: MacMillan.
- Bordens, K.S. & Abbot, B.B. (2005). Research design and methods. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
- Breakwell, G.M. Hammond, S. & Fife-Schaw, C. (1995). Research methods in psychology.

- New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Drew, C.J.; Hardman, M.L. & Hart, W.A. (1996). Designing and conducting research: Inquiry in education and social science. New York: Allyn & Bacon.
- Kerlinger, F.N. (1982). Foundations of behavioral research. Delhi: Surject Publication.
- Nation, J.R. (1997). Research methods. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE (DSE) Applications of Statistics in Psychology			
Program/Class-B.A.	Year-Fourth	Semester-	
HONORS		Eighth	
Course Code: PSYDSE-804-T		Course Title: Applications of statistics in psychology	
Credits:04	Paper:	Paper: DSE	
Max Marks	Min Passii	Min Passing Marks	
25+75=100	10+	10+25	

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Explain the meaning, importance, and properties of the normal distribution, and measure divergence using skewness and kurtosis.
- 2. Understand inferential statistics concepts, test hypotheses, and interpret significance levels, errors, and one-/two-tailed tests.
- 3. Apply parametric (t-test, ANOVA) and non-parametric (Chi-square, Mann-Whitney U) tests with their assumptions.
- 4. Describe the assumptions, characteristics, and key terms of factor analysis.

Units	Topics	No. of
		Lecture
Ι	The Normal Distribution: Meaning and importance of Normal Distribution,	
	Properties of Normal Distribution curve, Application of Normal	
	Probability curve; Measuring divergence from normality (Skewness, and	
	Kurtosis).	
II	Inferential Statistics: Meaning and types of Inferential Statistics.	15
	Significance of mean, Testing Null Hypothesis, Level of significance, Type I	
	and Type II errors, One Tailed and Two tailed Tests.	
III	Parametric and Non-Parametric Test: Assumption, application and	20
	calculation of t-test (correlated and uncorrelated group), One-way, Two-way	
	Anova, Chi-Square and Mann-Whitney U test.	
IV	Factor Analysis: Assumptions and characteristics of Factor Analysis,	10
	Important terminologies of factor analysis.	

Suggested Reading:

- Garrett, H.E.(6thEdition), (2011) Statistics in Psychology and Education. Bombay: Vakils Fetter and Simons Publications.
- Fergusson, G. A. (1976). Statistical analysis in psychology and education. McGraw-Hill.
- Glass, G. V. & Stanley, J. C. (1970). Statistical methods in education and psychology. Prentice-Hall.
- Kurtz, A.K. & Mayo, S.T. (1979). Statistical methods in education and psychology. Narosa.
- Lomax, R. G. (1998). Statistical concepts: A second course for education and behavioural sciences. N.J.: Lawrence Erlbaum Asso. Inc.
- Verma & Ghufran, M. (2012). Statistics in psychology. N.D. Mc Graw Hill
- Levin, J. & Fox, J. A. (2006). Elementary statistics in social research. Delhi: Pearson Education.
- Black, T.R. (1999). Doing quantitative research in the social sciences: An integrated approach to research design, measurement and statistics. London: Sage Pub.

Discipline Specific Elective (DSE): Psychology of Crowd			
Program/Class-B.A. Year-Fourth Semester-		Semester-	
HONORS		Eighth	
Course Code: PSYDSE-805-T	Course Title: Psychology of Crowd		
Credits:04	Paper: DSE		
Max Marks	Min Passing Marks		
25+75=100	75=100 10+25		

Learning Outcomes:

After Studying the course, the students will be able to-

- Understand the scope, types, and psychological mechanisms of crowd behaviour.
- Compare key theories explaining how crowds think and act.
- Apply crowd psychology in events, disasters, and marketing.
- Evaluate strategies for predicting and managing crowds in various contexts.

Topics	No. of		
	Lecture		
Introduction to Crowd Psychology-Definition and scope of crowd psychology,	15		
Component of Crowd, Historical evolution of the concept, Types of Crowds-			
Casual Crowd, Conventional Crowd, Expressive Crowd, Acting or Aggressive			
Crowd (e.g., mobs), Psychological Mechanisms: Anonymity, Suggestibility,			
Contagion, Deindividuation.			
	Introduction to Crowd Psychology-Definition and scope of crowd psychology, Component of Crowd, Historical evolution of the concept, Types of Crowds- Casual Crowd, Conventional Crowd, Expressive Crowd, Acting or Aggressive Crowd (e.g., mobs), Psychological Mechanisms: Anonymity, Suggestibility,		

	II	Theories of Crowd Behaviour: Information Overload theory, Behavioural	15
		constraint theory and Ecological models of crowding, Le Bon's Theory of	
		Crowd Behaviour, Freudian theory, Social Identity theory, Convergence theory	
		and Emergent Norm theory.	
-	III	Applications of Crowd Psychology- Crowd management in public events,	15
		Political rallies and mass movements, Crowd behaviour in disasters or riots, Use	
		in marketing and consumer behaviour.	
	IV	Practical implications for planning and monitoring crowd behaviour-	15
		Placing crowd psychology into predictive computer models, Developing	
		guidance, working with the crowd to facilitate safe behaviour: Indian Context	
		and Case Studies.	

- 1. Chauhan, S. S. (2004). Advanced Educational Psychology, Vikas Publishing Pvt. Ltd., Shimla.
- 2. Mangal, S.K. (1999). Advanced Educational Psychology and Research. Prakash Brothers Educational publications, Ludhiana.
- 3. Nagaraju et al. (2019) Learning Assessment. Neelkamal Publications, Hyderabad.
- 4. Dubois, Alverson and Staley. (1998) Educational Psychology and Instructional Decisions. The Dorsey Press, Illinois USA.

Semester-VIII

GENERAL ELECTIVE (GE): APPLIED SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY			
Program/Class-B.A.	Year-Fourth	Semester-	
HONORS		Eighth	
Course Code: PSYGE-806-T	Course Title: APPLIED SOCIAL		
	PSYCHOLOGY		
Credits:04	Paper: GE		
Max Marks	Min Passing Marks		
25+75=100	10+25		

Learning Outcomes:

- Understand process, principles, agents, and theories of socialization.
- Analyze attribution and its internal/external factors.
- Explain nature, theories, and control methods of aggression.
- Explore relationship between culture and personality, and methods of study.
- Identify causes, consequences, and reduction strategies for stereotypes, prejudice, and discrimination.

• Understand types, process, influencing factors, and barriers of effective communication.				
Units	Topics			
		Lecture		
I	Socialization- Definition, meaning, stages, Process and Principles of	15		
	Socialization. Agents of Socialization, theories of Socialization: Psychoanalytic,			
	Socio learning, Symbolic Cognitive theory.			
II	Attribution: Definition and meaning of attribution, Internal and external	15		
	factors in Attribution, Principles of Attribution. Aggression: Meaning and			
	nature of aggression, Theories of Aggression: Instinct theory, Frustration			
	aggression theory, Modified frustration theory, Social learning theory,			
	Prevention and Control of aggression.			
III	Culture & Personality: Definition meaning and classification of culture.	15		
	Definition and meaning of personality, Relationship between Culture &			
	Personality development, Approaches and Methods of studying culture.			
	Stereotypes, Prejudice and Discrimination: Nature, characteristics, causes and			
	reduction of stereotypes, prejudice and discrimination.			
IV	Communication and Barriers: Definition and nature and types of	15		
	communication, Individual and group level, Communication process, a basic			
	model of communication, Factors influencing effectiveness of Communication,			
	Barrier of effective communication.			

- 1. Baron, R.A., & Baron, D., (2000) Social Psychology, N Delhi: Prentice Hall
- 2. Taylor, S.E., Pepalau, L.A. & Sears, D.O. (2009) Social Psychology
- 3. Raven, B.H., & Rubin, J.Z. (1983) Social psychology (Second Ed) N, York: John wiley
- 4. त्रिपाठी, एल. बी. (1992), आधुनिक सामजिक मनोविज्ञान आगरा: नेशनल साइकोलॉजिकल कारपोरेशन
- 5. हुसैन, बी. एच. (1994), नवीन सामजिक मनोविज्ञान आगरा: विनोद पुस्तक मंदिर
- 6. सिंह, ए. के. (1991) सामजिक मनोविज्ञान की रूपरेखा, दिल्ली: मोतीलाल बनारसीदास

GENERAL ELECTIVE (GE): Industrial and Organizational Behaviour				
Program/Class-B.A.	Year-Fourth	Semester-		
HONORS		Eighth		
Course Code: PSYGE-807-T	Course Title: Industrial and Organizational			
		Behaviour		
Credits:04	Paper: GE			
Max Marks	Min	Passing Marks		
25+75=100		10+25		

Learning Outcomes:

- Understand about definition, nature, Scope and historical evolution of industrial and organizational psychology. Learn about motivation and types, Elements of Job satisfaction and Theories of motivation.
- Understand Group and team Building, Stages of group Development and goal setting and alignment.
- Understand the concepts, processes, and barriers of communication, along with the qualities, functions, and key theories of leadership (Trait, Situational, and Contingency).

Units	Topics	No. of
		Lecture
I	Introduction to Industrial and Organizational Behaviour- Definition, nature	15
	and scope of Industrial and Organizational Psychology, Historical evolution of	
	I/O psychology, Importance of organizational behaviour in industry.	
II	Motivation and Job Satisfaction- Definition of motivation, Motivational	15
	Cycle, Types (Intrinsic and Extrinsic). Concept of Job satisfaction, Elements of	
	Job satisfaction, Theories (Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs, Adam's Equity theory	
	Vrooms Expectancy theory, Frederick Herzberg Two Factor theory).	
III	Group Dynamics and Team Building- Understanding groups and teams	15
	building, Types of groups in organizations, Stages of group development	
	(Tuckman's Model), Group cohesiveness team composition, Goal Setting and	
	Alignment.	
IV	Communication and Leadership: Concept, process, importance and barrier of	15
	communication, leadership: concept, qualities and functions of leader, Theories	
	of leadership: Trait, Situational and Contingency theory.	

Suggested Readings:

- 1. Goorge, J. M., & Jones, G. R. (2005). Understanding and managing organizational behavior (4th Ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- 2. Hellriegel, D., & Slown, J. W. (2004). Organizational behavior. South Western: Thompson
- 3. Luthans, F., (2005). Organizational behavior (12th Ed.). New York: McGraw Hill.
- 4. Riggio, R. E., (2003). Introduction to industrial/organizational psychology (4th Ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice-Hall.
- 5. Robbins, S., Judge, T.A., & Sanghi, S. (2009). Organizational behavior. (13th Ed.). New Delhi: Pearson Education.

RESEARCH DISSERTATION				
Program/Class-B.A. HONORS	Year-Fourth	Semester- Eighth		
Course Code: PSY-808D	Course Title: Research Dissertation			
Credits: 6	Core Compulsory			
Max Marks 25+75	Min Passing Marks10+25			

Learning Outcomes:

- Select a relevant and researchable topic in psychology.
- Gain practical exposure in an organization, hospital, or NGO.

• Conduct detailed research with data collection, literature review, analysis, and report on learnings

Units	Topics	No. of
		Lecture
	Choose relevant and researchable topic in Psychology for	
	Dissertation.	6
Ι	Practical exposure in an organization, Hospital or an NGO with a report on	
	learnings and experiences.	
	A detailed research work based on data collection literature review and	
	Analysis.	

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2. Sata M